Unison Housing Limited and controlled entities

ABN: 73 076 581 112

Consolidated Financial report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial report of the group, being the Company and its controlled entities, for the year ended 30 June 2023 and auditor's report thereon.

Directors' names

The names of the directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Ian McHutchison (Chair) Daniel Carter Anita Chow Alison McLeod Lou Panaccio Barry Shepherd Yvonne Turner Peter Weatherby Bettina Sheeran (appointed 9 February 2023)

The directors have been in office since the start of the year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

Sheri Johnston was appointed to position of company secretary on 31 August 2021.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Results

The accompanying financial statements include the full year of operations of Unison Housing Ltd and controlled entities ("the Unison Group").

Over the financial year, the Unison Group was able to meet all operating costs and pay the interest on its loan obligations.

The Unison Group achieved a total comprehensive surplus of \$8,430,524 (2022: \$12,661,866). In 2023, the Unison Group revenues were \$50,666,129 (2022: \$52,612,080). The decrease in revenues is primarily due to the reduction of operating grants back to pre COVID-19 levels, partially offset by funding for new programs and rental revenue.

The key measure used by management to assess the performance of the Unison Group is Underlying Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation and other specific items ("Underlying EBITDA"). Underlying EBITDA is used primarily because of the impact of depreciation, which is a significant non-cash expense, and capital grants, which are recorded as income upon satisfaction of performance conditions, whereas the cost of operating the properties will be incurred in the future. Underlying EBITDA is reconciled to the result in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income below.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Underlying EBITDA	2,279,167	2,747,757
Depreciation	(8,221,746)	(7,686,701)
Non-recurring expenses	(436,109)	(91,788)
Interest income	779,092	202,661
Borrowing costs	(1,113,577)	(1,274,982)
Capital grants	15,045,541	15,700,000
Profit on sale of fixed assets	912,185	3,242,807
Reverse impact of AASB 16: Leases	349,169	334,659
standard		
Building impairment	(1,455,464)	(102,757)
Gain / (loss) on fair value	292,266	(409,945)
adjustment of the investment		
portfolio		
Surplus	8,430,524	12,661,866

Underlying EBITDA is lower than the prior year. This reduction is due to the impact of building vacancies and associated maintenance costs across the portfolio.

These cost increases are partially offset by higher rental income levels, primarily due to the full year impact of new developments and the 150 Brunswick Street, Footscray general lease as well as the addition of 70-72 Cottrell Street, Werribee in December 2022 (74 additional units), finalisation of income reviews across the portfolio and additional allocations under the NRAS program.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Capital grants have directly funded the construction of three new property developments during 2023. Profit on the sale of fixed assets is consistent with the Unison Group's long term strategy to phase out many of its low-amenity rooming houses. The impact of the AASB 16 leases standard has been reversed for both Underlying EBITDA and interest rate coverage ratio calculations. Nonrecurring expenses include ISR insurance excess related costs and IT system implementation costs.

As at 30 June 2023 the Unison Group had net assets of \$269,739,996 (2022: \$261,309,472). The amount allocated to the Lifecycle Maintenance Reserve on 30 June 2023 totaled \$5,867,195 (2022: \$5,369,426). The LRM Reserve represents monies quarantined for mid-term (3-15 years) future expenditure of replacing various elements of a building as each element reaches the end of its economic life. By upgrading and replacing these building elements the Unison group will ensure that the portfolio of properties continues to provide amenity to tenants and retain their value into the future.

In June 2021, the Unison Group refinanced its borrowings arrangement with the National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation (NHFIC) with a 10 year fixed interest loan facility.

Review of operations

During the current year the operations of the Unison Group were focused on the provision of affordable housing and homelessness assistance services to low income households and private rental management and owners corporation services.

As at 30 June 2023 the Unison Group managed 2,620 (2022: 2,700) units across Victoria and during the year provided homelessness assistance to 2,449 (2022: 2,354) households.

On 16 November 2022, the Unison Group's 74 unit social and affordable development at 70-72 Cottrell Street, Werribee was issued a certificate of completion.

In December 2022, Homes Victoria confirmed a 4 year funding agreement to 30 June 2027 to deliver a Supportive Housing model at 69 Buckley Street, Seddon.

Significant changes in state of affairs

There were no significant changes to the state of affairs in 2023, other than those disclosed separately in this financial report.

Company objectives

The Unison Group is focused on providing housing and housing related services to people on low income and particularly, those who are homeless or at risk of homelessness.

The focus of the Unison Group remains centred on housing the vulnerable in our community and providing support and pathways from disadvantage.

The key goals are to increase the supply of good quality housing, develop and strengthen strategic alliances and partnerships, leverage Unison Housing Research Lab, provide commercial opportunities to support the mission and integrate services across the housing continuum.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Principal activities

To carry out the company's strategies and to achieve its short-term and long-term objectives, the Unison Group engaged in the following principal activities during the year:

- ownership and management of long-term affordable housing.
- provision of a range of services to assist homeless households including transitional housing and information and referral services.
- management of owners' corporation services.
- design and development of social and affordable housing projects.
- a social enterprise delivering grounds and cleaning works.

Company performance

As a registered housing organisation, Unison are required to meet the performance standards established by the Office of the Registrar of Housing Agencies and report annually on performance against these Standards.

The Unison Group also monitors its performance and legal obligations through an additional set of internal Key Performance Measures and compliance registers.

After balance date events

On 12 July 2023, Unison Group's development at 260-66 Bell Street, Heidelberg Heights was issued a certificate of occupancy. This is a 42-unit social housing complex which is now fully tenanted.

As a DHHS funded homelessness service, the Unison Group is required to meet the Health and Human Services standards. The Unison Group was audited in a mid-cycle review in October 2023 and passed, thus renewing accreditation for three years.

Unison Group's rooming houses at Nicholson Street, Footscray were fully decanted and scheduled for sale via an Expression of Interest due on 19 November 2023. These are the last properties to be sold under Unison Group's long-term strategy to phase out low amenity rooming houses.

The Housing Australia Future Fund (HAFF) was formally approved in Federal Parliament on 14 September 2023.

Other than the events noted above, there has been no matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2023, of the Group, or
- (b) the results of those operations, or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2023, of the Group.

Likely developments

The Unison Group continues to review strategic opportunities to expand its operations and identify new developments.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Environmental regulation

The Unison Group's operations are not impacted by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Dividends paid, recommended and declared

The Company's Constitution precludes the payment of dividends.

Information on directors

Ian McHutchison OAM	Appointed director November 2015 Appointed director of Urban Communities Ltd October 2008; Appointed Chair December 2018
Qualifications	B. Juris. LLB
Experience	Ian has legal expertise and was awarded the Order of Australia Medal for services to the community in 2009.
Special responsibilities	Development Committee Finance, Audit and Risk Committee
Daniel Carter	Appointed director December 2018
Qualifications	Master of Business Administration, University of Melbourne, Bachelor of Geomatic Engineering (Honours) and Bachelor of Science (Geography) from the University of Melbourne
Experience	Daniel offers contemporary strategic planning and IT skills tailored to the social services sector.
Special responsibilities	Finance, Audit and Risk Committee
Peter Weatherby	Appointed director May 2021
Qualifications	Bachelor of Science (Urban Land Economics), Licensed Estate Agent, Associate of the Real Estate Institute of Victoria, Fellow of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors
Experience	Peter is passionate about the community housing sector and brings a solic real estate skillset, commercial acumen and a strong strategic focus to Unison.
Special responsibilities	Development Committee

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on directors (Continued)

Alison McLeod	Appointed director September 2019
Qualifications	Graduate Diploma of Agricultural Economics (University of New England), Bachelor of Business (Property) (RMIT University)
Experience	Alison is an expert property valuer and brings property expertise and a passion about housing affordability.
Special responsibilities	Development Committee
Lou Panaccio	Appointed director April 2013 Appointed director of Urban Communities Ltd November 2015
Qualifications	Bachelor of Economics, Chartered Accountant, Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience	Lou is a chartered accountant with strong management experience in business and healthcare services.
Special responsibilities	Finance, Audit and Risk Committee
Anita Chow	Appointed director August 2021
Qualifications	Bachelor of Commerce (Hons) and Bachelor of Science, FCPA, GAICD
Experience	Anita has over 18 years of corporate finance experience working with private and public companies across a number of industries in Melbourne, London and Hong Kong. Anita is passionate about helping the disadvantaged, particularly in the area of housing and support services. She was previously on the boards of VincentCare Victoria and VincentCare Community Housing.
Special responsibilities	Finance, Audit and Risk Committee
Yvonne Turner	Appointed director December 2014 (formerly Yarra)
Qualifications	Bachelor of Commerce and Administration (Victoria University of Wellington, NZ), Master of Business Administration (Monash), Master of Marketing (Monash), Graduate, Diploma Australian Institute of Company Directors
Experience	Yvonne shares her board experience in healthcare and NFPs. Her expertise includes business management, strategic planning, and strategic marketing and in public sector, commercial and NFPs.
Special responsibilities	Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on directors (Continued)

Barry Shepherd	Appointed director May 2016 Appointed director of Urban Communities Ltd September 2009
Qualifications	Licensed Real Estate Agent, Project Marketing Diploma - American Home Builders Association, Previous Lecturer Melbourne University
Experience	Barry has over 40 years' experience in the property industry and is critical in guiding Unison's asset management and developments.
Special responsibilities	Development Committee Finance, Audit and Risk Committee
Interest in shares and options	
Bettina Sheeran	Appointed director February 2023
Qualifications	Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Laws (Law/Criminology), Keele University, admitted in Victoria in 2005
	Member of Property Council Australia and Urban Development Institute of Australia
Experience	Having worked as property lawyer for over 20 years, Bettina brings a finely tuned legal and commercial perspective as well as extensive industry knowledge to Unison
Special responsibilities	Development Committee

Meetings of directors

Directors	ors Director's Meetings Development		Finance, Audit and Risk			
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
lan McHutchison	8	6	-	-	5	5
Daniel Carter	8	6	-	-	5	4
Peter Weatherby	8	6	8	6	-	-
Alison McLeod	8	5	8	5	-	-
Lou Panaccio	8	6	-	-	5	5
Anita Chow	8	6	-	-	5	4
Yvonne Turner	8	8	-	-	5	5
Barry Shepherd	8	7	8	7	5	5
Bettina Sheeran	3	3	3	2	-	-

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Indemnification of officers

Directors and Officers of Unison Housing Limited are covered by insurance provided by the Department of Human Services through the Victorian Managed Insurance Authority (VMIA). The cover indemnifies Directors and Officers for third party claims for wrongful acts including alleged or actual breach of duty, breach of trust, neglect, error, misstatement, misleading statement, omission, breach of warranty or authority or other act wrongfully committed. The cover is for the Board as a whole, including new Directors during the year and past Directors. Indemnity limits are \$20 million per any one claim.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration in relation to the audit for the financial year is provided with this report.

Proceedings on behalf of the group

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors.

Thinkeling the Director: _

Ian McHutchison - Chair

Director:

Lou Panaccio

Dated this 19th day

19th day of October 2023



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE DIRECTORS OF UNISON HOUSING LIMITED

In relation to the independent audit for the year ended 30 June 2023, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been no contraventions of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)*.

This declaration is in respect of Unison Housing Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

M. Ham'

M J HARRISON Partner

Date: 24 October 2023

Pitcher Partne

PITCHER PARTNERS Melbourne

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue and other income			
Grant income	2	27,289,690	30,582,449
Interest and other revenue	2	1,136,723	630,620
Management income	2	1,812,384	2,117,946
Rental income		19,222,921	16,037,258
Profit from sale of property		912,185	3,243,807
Gain on fair value adjustment of the investment portfolio		292,226	
		50,666,129	52,612,080
Less: Operating expenses			
Bad and doubtful debts expense	3	(225,861)	(232,919)
Borrowing costs	3	(1,113,577)	(1,274,918)
Building impairment expense	3	(1,455,464)	(102,757)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(8,221,746)	(7,686,701)
Employee benefits expense	3	(11,433,872)	(10,153,370)
Housing program expenses		(12,881,082)	(9,240,784)
Organisational operating expenses		(3,882,678)	(2,043,825)
Brokerage program expenses		(3,021,325)	(8,804,995)
Loss on fair value adjustment of the investment portfolio			(409,945)
		<u>(42,235,605</u>)	<u>(39,950,214</u>)
Surplus		8,430,524	12,661,866
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Total comprehensive surplus		8,430,524	12,661,866

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Comment			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	5	22,820,738	18,742,161
Receivables	6	6,545,975	4,170,609
Other financial assets	7	5,867,195	5,369,426
Other assets	8	2,713,664	1,484,859
Assets classified as held for sale	9	4,681,988	1,901,007
Total current assets		42,629,560	31,668,062
Non-current assets			
Receivables	6	8,777	279,398
Lease assets	10	416,538	588,008
Property, plant and equipment	11	308,794,285	302,456,623
Total non-current assets		309,219,600	303,324,029
Total assets		<u>351,849,160</u>	334,992,091
Current liabilities			
Payables	12	3,797,459	2,201,082
Lease liabilities	10	773,940	1,155,816
Provisions	13	2,313,040	3,543,687
Other liabilities	14	21,871,189	13,010,293
Total current liabilities		28,755,628	19,910,878
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	10	177,067	620,506
Borrowings	15	53,000,000	53,000,000
Provisions	13	176,469	151,235
Total non-current liabilities		53,353,536	53,771,741
Total liabilities		82,109,164	73,682,619
Net assets		269,739,996	261,309,472
Equity			
Reserves	16	5,867,195	5,369,426
Accumulated surplus	17	263,872,801	255,940,046
Total equity		269,739,996	261,309,472

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Contributed equity \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated Surplus \$	Total equity \$
Balance as at 1 July 2021	-	5,661,882	242,985,724	248,647,606
Surplus for the year			12,661,866	12,661,866
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u> </u>	12,661,866	12,661,866
Transfer from LRM Reserve		(292,456)	292,456	
Balance as at 30 June 2022		5,369,426	255,940,046	261,309,472
Balance as at 1 July 2022	-	5,369,426	255,940,046	261,309,472
Surplus for the year		<u> </u>	8,430,524	8,430,524
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>		8,430,524	8,430,524
Transfer to LRM reserve		497,769	(497,769)	
Balance as at 30 June 2023		5,867,195	263,872,801	269,739,996

By virtue of Unison Housing Limited being a company limited by guarantee, there is no contributed equity.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Receipts from clients and government		58,916,317	57,460,286
Payments to suppliers and employees		(33,611,801)	(35,117,127)
Borrowing costs		(1,113,577)	(1,193,004)
Payments for repairs		(1,015,100)	(1,400,450)
Net cash provided by operating activities		23,175,839	19,749,705
Cash flow from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		4,639,036	7,913,184
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(6,217,863)	(12,910,170)
Payment for work in progress		<u>(16,027,651</u>)	(21,028,065)
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,606,478)	(26,025,051)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Principal portion of lease payments, net of reimbursements		(1,490,784)	(2,116,365)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,490,784)	(2,116,365)
Reconciliation of cash			
		40 740 464	27 422 072
Cash at beginning of the financial year		18,742,161	27,133,872
Net increase increase in cash held		4,078,577	<u>(8,391,711</u>)
Cash at end of financial year	18(a)	22,820,738	18,742,161

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, Interpretations and other applicable authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. This includes compliance with the recognition and measurement requirements of all Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of AASB 1060 *General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities*.

The financial report covers Unison Housing Limited and its consolidated entities. Unison Housing Limited is a Company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Unison Housing Limited is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report was approved by the Directors at the date of the Directors' report.

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the group in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial report

Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets and liabilities as described in the accounting policies.

Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial report requires the use of certain estimates and judgements in applying the group's accounting policies. Those estimates and judgements significant to the financial report are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

(b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are those of the consolidated entity ("the group"), comprising the financial statements of the parent entity and all of the entities the parent controls. The group controls an entity where it has the power, for which the parent has exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and for which the parent has the ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of its returns.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies which may exist.

All inter-company balances and transactions, including any unrealised profits or losses have been eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the group and are de-recognised from the date that control ceases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

(d) Revenue

The group derives revenue from grant income and rental income. Revenue is recognised as, or when, goods or services are transferred to the customer, and is measured at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the group expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services.

Revenue from the provision of services

Revenue from the provision of services comprises revenue derived from the delivery of various Department of Health and Human Services programs. These services are provided under contractual arrangements that contain enforceable and sufficiently specific performance obligations. Revenue from the provision of services is recognised over time, as performance obligations are satisfied, based on either costs incurred or service hours performed, consistent with the manner in which services are provided.

(e) Income arising from capital grants

The group derives income from the transfer of assets when the group provides no consideration in exchange for the asset received, or the consideration provided by the group is significantly less than the fair value of the asset received, principally to enable the group to further its objectives, and the arrangement does not satisfy the criteria to be accounted for as a 'contract with a customer'.

Capital grants

A transfer of a financial asset, including cash, to enable the group to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset to identified specifications to be controlled by the group, such as an item of property, plant and equipment, is referred to in the financial statements as a 'capital grant'. Capital grants are initially recognised as a liability (unspent capital grants liability), and subsequently recognised as income as, or when, the group satisfies its obligation to acquire or construct the specified asset to which the capital grant relates. For the acquisition of specified assets, income is recognised when the asset is acquired and controlled by the group. For the construction of specified assets, income is recognised as the construction progresses on the basis of costs incurred relative to expected costs.

(f) Other revenue and other income

Interest

Interest revenue is measured in accordance with the effective interest method.

All revenue is measured net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Income tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the group is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, short-term deposits and cash held at call with financial institutions.

(i) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as fair value through profit or loss, in which case transaction costs are immediately recognised as expenses in profit or loss.

Classification of financial assets

Financial assets recognised by the group are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, subject to their classification and whether the group irrevocably designates the financial asset on initial recognition at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVtOCI) in accordance with the relevant criteria in AASB 9.

Financial assets not irrevocably designated on initial recognition at FVtOCI are classified as subsequently measured at amortised cost, FVtOCI or fair value through profit or loss (FVtPL) on the basis of both:

- (a) the group's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as held-for-trading, contingent consideration payable by the group for the acquisition of a business, and financial liabilities designated at FVtPL, are subsequently measured at fair value.

All other financial liabilities recognised by the group are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables arise from the group's transactions with its customers and are normally settled within 14 days.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

Consistent with both the group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets, trade and other receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

The following financial assets are tested for impairment by applying the 'expected credit loss' impairment model:

- (a) debt instruments measured at amortised cost;
- (b) debt instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- (c) receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables.

The group applies the simplified approach under AASB 9 to measuring the allowance for credit losses for receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables. Under the AASB 9 simplified approach, the group determines the allowance for credit losses for receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables on the basis of the lifetime expected credit losses of the financial asset. Lifetime expected credit losses represent the expected credit losses that are expected to result from default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

For all other financial assets subject to impairment testing, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition of the financial asset, the allowance for credit losses is recognised on the basis of the lifetime expected credit losses. When there has not been an increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance for credit losses is recognised on the basis of 12-month expected credit losses' is the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represent the expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The group considers a range of information when assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. This includes such factors as the identification of significant changes in external market indicators of credit risk, significant adverse changes in the financial performance or financial position of the counterparty, significant changes in the value of collateral, and past due information.

The group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition when the financial asset is determined to have a low credit risk at the reporting date. The group considers a financial asset to have a low credit risk when the counterparty has an external 'investment grade'' credit rating (if available) of BBB or higher, or otherwise is assessed by the group to have a strong financial position and no history of past due amounts from previous transactions with the group.

The group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The group determines expected credit losses based on the group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the financial asset as well as current and future expected economic conditions relevant to the financial asset. When material, the time value of money is incorporated into the measurement of expected credit losses. There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the reporting period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

The group has identified contractual payments more than 90 days past due as default events for the purpose of measuring expected credit losses. These default events have been selected based on the group's historical experience. Because contract assets are directly related to unbilled work in progress, contract assets have a similar credit risk profile to receivables from contracts with customers. Accordingly, the group applies the same approach to measuring expected credit losses of receivables from contracts with customers as it does to measuring impairment losses on contract assets.

The measurement of expected credit losses reflects the group's 'expected rate of loss', which is a product of the probability of default and the loss given default, and its 'exposure at default', which is typically the carrying amount of the relevant asset. Expected credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows due and all contractual cash flows expected based on the group's exposure at default, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Financial assets are regarded as 'credit-impaired' when one or more events have occurred that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. Indicators that a financial asset is 'credit-impaired' include observable data about the following:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) breach of contract;
- (c) the lender, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, has granted concessions to the borrower that the lender would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (i.e., reduced directly) when the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and the group has no realistic expectation of recovery of the financial asset. Financial assets written off remain subject to enforcement action by the group. Recoveries, if any, are recognised in profit or loss.

Hedge accounting

At the inception of each hedging arrangement, the group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, the group's risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking hedging transactions. The group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and during the term of the arrangement, of the effectiveness of the hedging instrument in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows (as applicable) of the hedged risk.

A hedge arrangement is effective when:

- (a) there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument;
- (b) the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship; and
- (c) the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the group actually uses to hedge the quantity of the hedged item.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

For fair value hedges that qualify for hedge accounting under AASB 9, the group recognises the:

- (a) gain or loss on the hedging instrument in profit or loss (or other comprehensive income if the hedging instrument hedges an equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income); and
- (b) gain or loss on the hedged item as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item (if applicable) and a corresponding gain or loss in profit or loss recognised in the same line item as the gain or loss on the hedging instrument (or other comprehensive income if the hedged instrument is an equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income).

For cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting under AASB 9, the group designates the full change in the fair value of a forward contract as a hedging instrument (including the forward element of the contract). The effective portion of the change in the fair value of a hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve, and any ineffective portion of the change in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve are reclassified to profit or loss in the same period that the hedged item affects profit or loss (for hedged forecast transactions that affect profit or loss), or are transferred from the reserve and included in the measurement of the initial cost of a non-financial asset or liability (for hedged forecast transactions that result in the recognition of a non-financial asset or liability).

When a hedging instrument expires, is sold, terminated or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting under AASB 9, the group discontinues hedge accounting, and any gains or losses accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve remain in the reserve until such time as hedged forecast transaction occurs. If the hedged forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, any gains or losses accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve are reclassified to profit or loss.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is measured at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Property

Property is measured on a cost basis.

Freehold land and buildings are measured on a cost basis. The cost of properties contributed by the Government for nil consideration are initially recognised at market value at the date of acquisition.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is measured on the cost basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment is depreciated over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Land and the land component of any class of property, plant and equipment is not depreciated.

Class of fixed asset	Depreciation rates	Depreciation basis
Buildings at cost	2.5%	Straight line
Plant and equipment at cost	2.5-40%	Straight line

(k) Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill, intangible assets not yet ready for use and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortisation and are therefore tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is defined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Where the future economic benefits of an asset are not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and where the group would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, the recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the asset's replacement cost.

(I) Leases

At the commencement date of a lease (other than leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets), the group recognises a lease asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

Lease assets

Lease assets are initially recognised at cost, comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease, less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the group, and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease assets are measured at cost (adjusted for any remeasurement of the associated lease liability), less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss.

Lease assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the underlying asset, consistent with the estimated consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the underlying asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(I) Leases (Continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially recognised at the present value of the future lease payments (i.e., the lease payments that are unpaid at the commencement date of the lease). These lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined, or otherwise using the group's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (i.e., the lease payments that are unpaid at the reporting date). Interest expense on lease liabilities is recognised in profit or loss (presented as a component of finance costs). Lease liabilities are remeasured to reflect changes to lease terms, changes to lease payments and any lease modifications not accounted for as separate leases.

Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets

Lease payments made in relation to leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets (for which a lease asset and a lease liability has not been recognised) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Each lease is classified as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset.

Operating leases

Underlying assets subject to operating leases are presented in the statement of financial position according to the nature of the underlying asset.

Lease payments from operating leases are recognised as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis (if that basis is more representative of the pattern in which benefit from the use of the underlying asset is diminished).

Government supported finance leases

The group has recognised lease receivables in relation to residential leases under head leasing arrangements. While the group is the lessee for these head leasing leases, the group acts as a sub-lessor and leases these properties to tenants. The group has contractual rights with certain counterparties to receive cashflow for any shortfalls that arise between the tenants payments and payments payable to the lessor. At the commencement date of such a finance lease, the group recognises a receivable (for assets held under the finance lease) at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The net investment in finance leases is the sum of the lease payments receivable by the group under the finance lease and the estimated unguaranteed residual value of the underlying asset at the end of the lease term, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Finance income is recognised over the lease term, based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in finance leases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(m) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefit obligations

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and other employee benefits (other than termination benefits) expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. The expected cost of short-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences such as annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(ii) Long-term employee benefit obligations

The provision for other long-term employee benefits, including obligations for long service leave and annual leave, which are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period, are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of the services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee turnover, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the change occurs.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position if the group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur. All other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as non-current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method, finance charges in respect of lease arrangements.

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred, except for borrowing costs incurred as part of the cost of the construction of a qualifying asset, in which case the costs are capitalised until the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

(o) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified and repositioned for consistency with current year disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME		
Management Income		
Owners Corporation management fees	359,710	364,242
Property management fees	984,820	1,245,312
Cleaning and maintenance fees	467,854	414,224
Other fees		94,168
	1,812,384	2,117,946
Grant Income		
Operating grants - operational	9,026,861	6,064,542
Operating grants - brokerage	2,778,816	8,735,359
Capital grants	15,324,297	15,700,000
Other grants	159,716	82,548
	27,289,690	30,582,449
Interest and other revenue		
Interest income - investment portfolio	713,501	140,478
Interest income - lease receivables in relation to headleasing arrangements	65,591	62,183
Donations	35,000	30
Other revenue	322,631	427,929
	1,136,723	630,620
Rental income	19,222,921	16,037,258
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	912,185	3,243,807
Gain on fair value adjustment of the investment portfolio	292,226	-

Operating grants – brokerage relates to funding for the Housing Establishment Fund (HEF) and Private Rental Brokerage (PRB) programs. Funding levels returned to pre-Covid levels in the 2023 financial year.

Capital grants directly supported the construction property developments at 70-72 Cottrell Street, Werribee, 2-12 Marshall Stree, Newtown and 260-66 Bell Street, Heidelberg Heights in 2023. The profit on sale of property, plant and equipment includes the sale of 43 Lynch Street, Footscray and 113 Hoddle Street, Richmond outlined in Note 9.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 3: OPERATING SURPLUS		
Surplus has been determined after:		
Finance costs		
- Borrowing costs	1,020,475	1,193,004
- Lease interest expenses - commercial and motor vehicles	44,672	78,054
 Lease interest expenses - headleasing arrangements 	48,430	3,860
	1,113,577	1,274,918
Depreciation		
- property, plant and equipment	7,944,556	7,401,794
- lease assets	277,190	284,907
	8,221,746	7,686,701
Bad and doubtful debts	225,861	232,919
Building impairment expense	1,455,464	102,757
Employee benefits	11,433,872	10,153,370
Loss on fair value adjustment of the investment portfolio	-	409,945

NOTE 4: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Total compensation paid or payable to key management personnel	919,054	717,613
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Directors of the Company are not paid fees or any other form of remuneration, as required by the Company Constitution.

NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash on hand	5,197	4,292
Cash at bank	11,091,787	15,124,739
Cash at bank, held in trust	3,723,754	3,613,130
Cash at bank, held on deposit	8,000,000	
	22,820,738	18,742,161

As at 30 June 2023, \$3,723,754 of the cash on hand is held in a bank account in trust for the 150 Brunswick Street maintenance fund (30 June 202: \$3,613,130). The Group has a contractual obligation to use the cash for the purposes of funding the maintenance of 150 Brunswick Street, Fitzroy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 6: RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT		
Trade debtors	1,139,911	968,944
Provision for doubtful debts	<u>(770,914</u>)	(631,438)
	368,997	337,506
- Net GST receivable	440,976	291,050
Other receivables		
- Lease receivables	502,283	898,941
- Other debtors	5,233,719	2,643,112
	5,736,002	3,542,053
	6,545,975	4,170,609
NON CURRENT		
Other receivables		
- Lease receivables	8,777	279,398

Receivables from contracts with customers

A receivable from a contract with a customer represents the group's unconditional right to consideration arising from the transfer of goods or services to the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Lease receivables

Leases receivables represent the group's net investment in finance leases, being the sum of the lease payments receivable by the group under the finance lease and the estimated unguaranteed residual value of the underlying asset at the end of the lease term, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. Refer to Note 10 for further information about the group's leasing activities.

NOTE 7: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

CURRENT

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Investment portfolio

5,867,195 5,369,426

The investment portfolio is measured at fair value through profit and loss.

Interest received is recognised through profit and loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 8: OTHER ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Prepayments	1,511,332	500,133
Accrued income	1,179,254	767,234
Other current assets	23,078	217,492
	2,713,664	1,484,859

NOTE 9: ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

Facts and Circumstances of the sale:

The sale is part of the organisation's long term plan to phase out many of its remaining low-amenity rooming houses and contribute to the supply of affordable housing across Melbourne. The gradual replacement of rooming houses with self contained apartments is part of the vision to provide some of the most vulnerable people in the State with safer and more secure accommodation.

38-44 Nicholson Street, Fitzroy:

The property is scheduled for sale with an Expressions of Interest due on 7 November 2023.

(a) Carrying amounts of assets and liabilities

Assets 38-44 Nicholson Street, Fitzroy (Residential Property) 43 Lynch Street, Footscray (Residential Property) 113 Hoddle Street, Richmond (Residential Property)	4,681,988 - - 4,681,988	- 610,207 <u>1,290,800</u> <u>1,901,007</u>
NOTE 10: LEASE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES		
(a) Lease assets		
Commercial leases		
Lease of office property	748,109	721,095
Accumulated depreciation	(583,436)	(488,765)
	164,673	232,330
Motor vehicles		
Lease of motor vehicles	616,496	567,054
Accumulated depreciation	(364,631)	(211,376)
	251,865	355,678
Total carrying amount of lease assets	416,538	588,008

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 10: LEASE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)		
Reconciliations		
Reconciliation of the carry amount of lease assets at the beginning and end of the financial year:		
Commercial leases		
Opening carrying amount	232,330	82,826
Additions	66,330	327,575
Depreciation	(123,935)	(178,071)
Disposals	(10,052)	-
Closing carrying amount	164,673	232,330
Motor vehicles		
Opening carrying amount	355,678	123,272
Adjustments	834	340,870
Additions	48,608	(108,464)
Depreciation	(153,255)	<u> </u>
Closing carrying amount	251,865	355,678
(b) Lease liabilities		
CURRENT		
Motor vehicles	160,748	140,823
Commercial leases	110,909	116,052
Residential property leases under headleasing arrangements	502,283	898,941
	773,940	1,155,816
NON CURRENT		
Motor vehicles	98,918	218,660
Commercial leases	69,372	122,448
Residential property leases under headleasing arrangements	8,777	279,398
	177,067	620,506
Total carrying amount of lease liabilities	951,007	1,776,322

For the year ended 30 June 2023, the lease liability is in excess of the lease asset by \$534,469 (2022: \$1,188,314). In addition to the lease asset, a corresponding lease receivable is recognised against the lease liability in relation to residential properties under leasing arrangements. The total lease receivable balance, including amounts classified in current and non-current, is \$511,060 (2022: \$1,178,33). Please refer to Note 6: Receivables.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 11: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land and buildings		
At cost	370,413,700	345,891,584
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(81,268,981</u>)	<u>(74,131,498</u>)
	289,144,719	271,760,086
Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment at cost	2,165,448	2,121,473
Accumulated depreciation	(2,165,448)	<u>(1,856,727</u>)
Total plant and equipment	<u> </u>	264,746
Capital work in progress	19,649,566	<u>30,431,791</u>
Total property, plant and equipment	308,794,285	302,456,623

Capital work in progress primarily includes developments at 260-66 Bell Street, Heidelberg Heights and 2-12 Marshall Street, Newtown.

(a) Reconciliations

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year

Land and buildings		
Opening carrying amount	271,760,086	266,124,092
Additions	6,173,888	12,910,170
Disposals	(1,825,844)	(2,843,319)
Depreciation expense	(7,635,835)	(6,406,768)
Impairment	(1,455,464)	(102,757)
Transfers from work in progress	26,809,876	3,979,675
Transfer to assets held for sale	<u>(4,681,988</u>)	(1,901,007)
Closing carrying amount	289,144,719	271,760,086
Plant and equipment		
Opening carrying amount	264,746	1,459,325
Additions	43,975	-
Disposals	-	(199,553)
Depreciation expense	(308,721)	(995,026)
Closing carrying amount		264,746

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 11: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)		
(a) Reconciliations (Continued)		
Capital work in progress		
Opening carrying amount	30,431,791	13,041,585
Additions	16,027,651	21,369,881
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	<u>(26,809,876</u>)	<u>(3,979,675</u>)
Closing carrying amount	19,649,566	30,431,791
Total property, plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at 1 July	302,456,623	280,625,002
Additions	22,245,514	34,280,051
Disposals	(1,825,844)	(3,042,872)
Depreciation expense	(7,944,556)	(7,401,794)
Impairment	(1,455,464)	(102,757)
Transfer to assets held for sale	(4,681,988)	(1,901,007)
Carrying amount at 30 June	308,794,285	302,456,623

The Directors engaged Jones Lang LaSalle to provide an assessment of fair value of the property portfolio owned by the entity as at 30 June 2023. The fair value has been determined by application of a market approach for land (the amount determined by referencing similar assets for which transaction prices are available) and a cost approach for the buildings (the amount required to replace the service capacity of the asset, often referred to as depreciated replacement cost). The portfolio valuation determined under these methodologies was \$374,711,694. The valuations did not include four recently acquired or due for demolition properties. The cost of the properties is \$60,238,722. The Directors view the total property portfolio value as \$434,950,416. Based on these fair values, a property at Market Road, Werribee was written down due to impairment.

(b) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

The Director of Housing has a registered interest in the title of several freehold land and buildings of Unison Housing Ltd. Unison Housing Ltd cannot dispose of, use as security for borrowings, or otherwise transact using its property holdings without the prior consent of the Director of Housing.

As at 30 June 2023, several properties had been pledged as security for the borrowing identified in Note 15.

(c) Contributions in property, plant and equipment (contingent liability)

The Commonwealth of Australia and the Director of Housing have made contributions in multiple land and buildings of Unison Housing Ltd. In the event that Unison is wound up, or in some instances if the asset is disposed of, Unison will be liable to repay a portion of the contribution to both the Director of Housing and the Commonwealth of Australia.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 12: PAYABLES		
CURRENT Unsecured liabilities		
Trade creditors	1,926,029	290,969
Other payables	192,527	204,396
Accrued expenses	1,678,903	1,705,717
	3,797,459	2,201,082
NOTE 13: PROVISIONS		
CURRENT		
Employee benefits	1,313,940	1,272,537
Repairs	999,100	2,271,150
	2,313,040	3,543,687
NON-CURRENT		
Employee benefits	176,469	151,235

(a) Description of provisions

In prior years, properties were identified in which cladding repair was required. Unison is obligated to rectify these defects, which is reflected in the provision for repairs.

The provision relates to the following properties: 100 Mount Street, Heidelberg; 229 Barkley Street, Footscray; 239 Brunswick Street, Footscray; 29-33 Alma Street, Fitzroy and 2 Flockhart Street, Abbotsford.

(b) Reconciliations

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of provisions at the beginning and end of the current financial year

Repairs (current)		
Opening balance	2,271,150	3,364,620
Additional amounts recognised	25,000	846,980
Amounts used	(1,015,100)	(1,400,450)
Revision to estimates	(281,950)	(540,000)
Closing balance	999,100	2,271,150

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
NOTE 14: OTHER LIABILITIES		
CURRENT Deferred income Maintenance funds	18,562,556 <u>3,308,633</u> <u>21,871,189</u>	12,823,872 <u>186,421</u> <u>13,010,293</u>
NOTE 15: BORROWINGS		
NON CURRENT		
Secured liabilities Bank loans	53,000,000	53,000,000

(a) Assets pledged as security

The loans are secured in full by a registered mortgage debenture over several properties within the Company's property portfolio.

(b) Debt refinancing

On 27 October 2020, the company entered into a \$53 million Facility Agreement, General Security Agreement and Loan Common Terms with the National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation (NHFIC). The NHFIC finalised its 10 year fixed interest rate bond issuance on 15 June 2021 with a due date of 1 July 2031 and the company was required to fully drawn down on the facility on this date.

NOTE 16: RESERVES			
LRM reserve	16(a)	5,867,195	5,369,426

(a) LRM reserve

The Lifecycle Replacement Maintenance (LRM) Reserve represents monies quarantined for mid term (3-15 years) future expenditure of replacing various elements of a building as each element reaches the end of its economic life. The Unison Group allocates funds to the LRM Reserve to ensure sufficient funds are set aside to meet future LRM costs and maintain the properties to an acceptable standard.

During the year \$497,769 (2022: \$292,456 transferred from) was transferred to the LRM Reserve from accumulated surplus to quarantine monies for future building maintenance costs.

Movements in reserve		
Opening balance	5,369,426	5,661,882
Transfers	497,769	<u>(292,456</u>)
Closing balance	5,867,195	5,369,426

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
NOTE 17: ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year	255,940,046	242,985,724
Net surplus	8,430,524	12,661,866
Transfers (to) / from LRM reserves	<u>(497,769</u>)	292,456
	263,872,801	255,940,046
NOTE 18: CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash		
flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial		
position as follows:		
Cash on hand	5,197	5,080
Cash at bank	11,091,787	15,124,964
Cash at bank, held in trust	3,723,754	3,518,160
Cash at bank, held on deposit	8,000,000	
	22,820,738	18,648,204

NOTE 19: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No transactions with related parties were entered into during the year ended 30 June 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2023	2022
\$	\$

NOTE 20: PARENT ENTITY DETAILS

Summarised presentation of the parent entity, Unison Housing Limited, financial statements:

(a) Summarised statement of financial position

Assets		
Current assets	51,399,990	70,474,492
Non-current assets	310,666,287	272,333,787
Total assets	362,066,277	342,808,279
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	31,608,904	29,027,385
Non-current liabilities	53,176,469	53,153,467
Total liabilities	84,785,373	82,180,852
Net assets	277,280,904	260,627,427
Equity		
Accumulated Surplus	263,676,189	255,258,001
LRM reserve	5,867,195	5,369,426
Total equity	269,543,384	260,627,427
(b) Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income		
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	8,424,713	12,045,294
Total comprehensive surplus for the year	8,424,713	12,045,294

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 21: MEMBERS' GUARANTEE AND SUBSIDIARIES

Unison Housing Ltd

The parent entity is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the parent entity is wound up, the Constitution states that each member is required to contribute to a maximum of \$2 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the parent entity. At 30 June 2023, the number of members was 71 (5 organisational and 66 individual members (2022: 80)).

Unison Property Corporation Pty Ltd

The entity is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a proprietary company limited by shares. If the entity is wound up, the Constitution states that any property remains after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, this property must be given or transferred only to:

- A Charitable Beneficiary – provided at the time of the winding-up, dissolution or revocation the Charitable Beneficiary is a Charity that has objects similar to those of Unison and is a Deductible Gift Recipient; or
- Otherwise – a company, fund, institution or authority: which is a Charity that has objects similar to those of Unison which is a Deductible Gift Recipient; and whose constitution prohibits distributions or payments to its members or former members.

Unison Development Co Ltd

The entity was registered with ASIC on 7 June 2023 as a public company limited by guarantee.

NOTE 22: REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS	2023 \$	2022 \$
Pitcher Partners (Melbourne) Audit and assurance services - Audit or review of the financial report	87,750	82,000
- Other assurance services Other non-audit services	<u></u>	13,250 <u>14,410</u> <u>109,660</u>

NOTE 23: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the process of applying the group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. In addition, the determination of carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities require estimation of the effects of uncertain future events. Outcomes within the next financial year that are different from the assumptions made could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of those assets and liabilities affected by the assumption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 23: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following outlines the major judgements made by management in applying the group's accounting policies and/or the major sources of estimation uncertainty, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and/or have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

(a) Impairment of financial assets

The group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to debt instruments, receivables from contracts with customers, contract assets and lease receivables. The measurement of expected credit losses reflects the group's 'expected rate of loss', which is a product of the probability of default and the loss given default, and its 'exposure at default', which is typically the carrying amount of the relevant asset. Expected credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows due and all contractual cash flows expected to be received based on the group's exposure at default, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The assessment of expected credit losses includes consideration of the group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the financial asset, as well as current and future expected economic conditions relevant to the financial asset.

(b) Leases assets and lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease (other than leases of 12-months or less and leases of low value assets), the group recognises a lease asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. In order to measure a lease asset and corresponding lease liability, the group is required to make a determination of the lease term. This determination includes an assessment of whether the group is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease or to purchase the underlying asset, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. In making this judgement, the group considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the group to exercise, or not to exercise, the option, including any expected changes in facts and circumstances from the commencement date of the lease until the exercise date of the option.

NOTE 24: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There has been no matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2023, of the group, or
- (b) the results of those operations, or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2023, of the group.

NOTE 25: ENTITY DETAILS

The registered office of the group is:

Unison Housing Limited 117 Berkeley Street Melbourne VIC 3000

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. In the directors' opinion, the financial statements and notes thereto, as set out on pages 10 35, satisfy the requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:
 - (a) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2022; and
 - (b) giving a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2023 and performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- 2. In the directors opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulation 2013.

Which he ...

Ian McHutchison - Chair

Director: _

19th

Lou Panaccio

Dated this

Director: .

day of

October

2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNISON HOUSING LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Unison Housing Limited ("the company") and its subsidiaries, ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2022*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* ("ACNC Act") and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNISON HOUSING LIMITED

Other Information (Continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the ACNC Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNISON HOUSING LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

M.Ham'-

M J HARRISON Partner

Date 24 October 2023

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PITCHER PARTNERS Melbourne

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